APSA is the preferred style of the American Political Science Association. It is the style used by those in government and political science. APSA follows the latest edition of the Chicago Manual of Style with some differences. http://www.apsanet.org/files/Publications/APSAStyleManual2006.pdf

# Formatting:

Title

Title should have a 12-word maximum

# Margins

The paper should have  $1 \frac{1}{2}$  margins on all sides. Only the left margin is justified. At least 11-point font should be used.

# Abstract

The abstract should be no longer than 150 words. The abstract will state the research problem, method, findings, or conclusions. It should be a summary of the overall paper.

# Headings

# Primary

### Secondary

<u>Tertiary</u>. Text starts here.

### In-Text Citation:

The main rule to follow for in-text citation is last name of author(s), year of publication (n.d. if unavailable), and page or chapter number (ONLY if it is a quote from a specific page or chapter, NOT if it is the entire work).

There are different ways to cite in-text. For example:

- 1. (Wallgren 2012).
- 2. ...see Wallgren 2012.
- 3. Wallgren (2012) ...

APSA STYLE GUIDE PAGE 1

For multiple authors, the same rule applies. Cite like this:

- 1. (Wallgren, Manderson, and Prince 2012).
- 2. Four or more use "et al."

For multiple works by the same author, use semicolons:

1. (Wallgren 2011; 2012)

Many students will be citing government documents or publications. There are several ways to cite these works.

- 1. For Legal Citations
  - a. Name of the case (in italics except the "v.") or statute and year
    - i. Case: (Bakers v. Carter 1975)
    - ii. Statute: (Money and Pounds Act 1952)
- 2. For Government Publications
  - a. If the name is too long, using a short form or acronym is allowed after the first reference
    - i. U.S. Supernatural Puppy Commission (1945, 12; hereafter USSPC) and all successive references to this commission would be written as USSPC (1945, 12).